

第一类 Cartan-Hartogs 域上的 Bers 型空间上的加权复合算子

柏宏斌

(四川轻化工大学数学与统计学院, 自贡 643000)

摘要: 设 $Y_I(N, m, n; K)$ 是第一类 Cartan-Hartogs 域, φ 是 $Y_I(N, m, n; K)$ 上的全纯自映射, $H(Y_I(N, m, n; K))$ 是 $Y_I(N, m, n; K)$ 上的全纯函数集合, $u \in H(Y_I(N, m, n; K))$. 本文运用 $Y_I(N, m, n; K)$ 上的广义 Hua-矩阵不等式给出了 $Y_I(N, m, n; K)$ 上的 Bers 型空间上的加权复合算子 $W_{\varphi, u}$ 的有界性和紧致性的刻画.

关键词: 加权复合算子; 广义 Hua-矩阵不等式; 第一类 Cartan-Hartogs 域; Bers 型空间; 有界性; 紧致性

中图分类号: O177.2

文献标识码: A

DOI: 10.19907/j.0490-6756.2022.041005

Weighted composition operators on Bers-type spaces of the first kind Cartan-Hartogs domains

BAI Hong-Bin

(College of Mathematics and Statistics, Zigong 643000, China)

Abstract: Let $Y_I(N, m, n; K)$ be the first kind Cartan-Hartogs domain, φ a holomorphic self-map of $Y_I(N, m, n; K)$ and $u \in H(Y_I(N, m, n; K))$ the set of all holomorphic functions on $Y_I(N, m, n; K)$. In this paper, by using the generalized Hua's matrix inequality, the boundedness and compactness of the weighted composition operators $W_{\varphi, u}: f \rightarrow u f \circ \varphi$ on Bers-type space of the first kind Cartan-Hartogs domain are characterized.

Keywords: Weighted composition operator; Generalized Hua's matrix inequality; First kind Cartan-Hartogs domain; Bers-type space; Boundedness; Compactness

(2010 MSC 32A37, 47B33)

1 Introduction

The Bergman kernel function plays an important role in several complex variables. But, for which domains can the Bergman kernel function be computed by explicit formulas? In general, it is difficult to get the domain whose Bergman kernel function can be gotten explicitly. It is well

known that all irreducible bounded symmetric domains were divided into six types by Cartan in 1930s. The first four types of irreducible domains are called the classical bounded symmetric domains as well as the rest two types are called exceptional domains consisting of two domains (16 and 27 dimensional domain, respectively). In 1998, Yin and Roos introduced four kinds of do-

收稿日期: 2021-08-31

基金项目: 自贡市科技局重点项目(2020YGJC24); 桥梁无损检测与工程计算四川省教育厅一般项目(2017QYJ01)

作者简介: 柏宏斌(1973-), 男, 副教授, 主要研究方向为算子理论. E-mail: hbbai@suse.edu.cn

mains corresponding with the classical bounded symmetric domains and called this four kinds of domains as Cartan-Hartogs domains^[1-27]. Yin has obtained the explicit Bergman kernel functions for the first Cartan-Hartogs domain in Ref. [26].

In this paper, we study the first kind Cartan-Hartogs domain denoted by $Y_I(N, m, n; K)$, which is expressed by the following form:

$$Y_I(N, m, n; K) = \{W \in \mathbb{C}^N, Z \in \mathfrak{R}_I(m, n);$$

$$|W|^{2K} < \det(I - Z\bar{Z}^T)\},$$

where $K > 0$ and $\mathfrak{R}_I(m, n)$ denotes

$$\mathfrak{R}_I(m, n) = \{Z: Z \in \mathbb{C}^{m \times n}, I - Z\bar{Z}^T > 0\}.$$

Here \bar{Z} denotes the conjugate of the matrix Z , Z^T denotes the transpose of Z , and m, n are positive integers. We denote $Y_I(N, m, n; K)$ by Y_I if no ambiguity can arise.

Let Ω be a domain of \mathbb{C}^n and $H(\Omega)$ the class of all holomorphic functions on N . Let φ be a holomorphic self-map of Ω and $u \in H(\Omega)$. The weighted composition operator $W_{\varphi, u}$ on some subspaces of $H(\Omega)$ is defined by

$$W_{\varphi, u}f(z) = u(z)f(\varphi(z)), z \in \Omega.$$

If $u=1$, it becomes the composition operator, usually denoted by C_φ . If $\varphi(z)=z$, it becomes the multiplication operator, usually denoted by M_u . A standard problem is to provide function theoretic characterizations when φ and u induce a bounded or compact weighted composition operator. In recent years, there is a great interest in the weighted composition operators on or between spaces of the various bounded domains (see, e. g., Refs. [3, 5, 12, 15, 16, 19] for the unit disk, Refs. [11, 17, 18, 20] for the unit ball, Refs. [13, 23, 24] for the unit poly disk, Refs. [1, 2] for the bounded homogeneous domain and Refs. [8, 10, 21, 22] for the half-plane).

Let $\alpha > 0$ and $\mathbb{B} = \{z \in \mathbb{C}^n: |z| < 1\}$ be the open unit ball of \mathbb{C}^n . The well-known Bers-type space on \mathbb{B} , usually denoted by $A_\alpha(\mathbb{B})$, consists of all $f \in H(\mathbb{B})$ such that

$$\|f\| = \sup_{z \in \mathbb{B}} (1 - |z|^2)^\alpha |f(z)| < +\infty.$$

For the Bers-type spaces and some concrete operators on them, see, for instance, Refs. [6, 7, 9,

27] and the references therein.

Let $\alpha > 0$, $K > 0$. Following the definition of Bers-type space on \mathbb{B} , we say that $f \in H(Y_I)$ is in the Bers-type space $A_\alpha(Y_I)$ if

$$\|f\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} = \sup_{(Z, W) \in Y_I} [\det(I - Z\bar{Z}^T) - |W|^{2K}]^\alpha |f(Z, W)| < +\infty.$$

It is not difficult to see that $A_\alpha(Y_I)$ is a Banach space under the quantity $\|\cdot\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)}$.

Motivated by the results of weighted composition operators on holomorphic function spaces of the classical domains, we study this kinds of operators on Bers-type space of the first Cartan-Hartogs domain and characterize the boundedness and compactness.

Throughout this paper, the constants are denoted by C , which is positive and may differ from one occurrence to the next.

2 Preliminaries

First, we have the following easy result.

Lemma 2.1 Let $\alpha > 0$, $K > 0$. For each $(Z, W) \in Y_I$ and $f \in A_\alpha(Y_I)$, it follows that

$$|f(Z, W)| \leq \frac{\|f\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)}}{[\det(I - Z\bar{Z}^T) - |W|^{2K}]^\alpha}.$$

In order to characterize the compactness, we need the following result which is similar to Proposition 3.11 in Ref. [4].

Lemma 2.2 Let $\alpha > 0$, $K > 0$, φ be a holomorphic self-map of Y_I and $u \in H(Y_I)$. Then the bounded operator $W_{\varphi, u}$ is compact on $A_\alpha(Y_I)$ if and only if for every bounded sequence $\{f_k\}$ in $A_\alpha(Y_I)$ such that $f_k \rightarrow 0$ uniformly on every compact subset of Y_I as $k \rightarrow \infty$, it follows that

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \|W_{\varphi, u}f_k\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} = 0 \quad (1)$$

Proof Assume that the bounded operator $W_{\varphi, u}$ on $A_\alpha(Y_I)$ is compact. Let $\{f_k\}$ be a bounded sequence in $A_\alpha(Y_I)$ such that $f_k \rightarrow 0$ uniformly on every compact subset of $A_\alpha(Y_I)$ as $k \rightarrow \infty$. If $\|W_{\varphi, u}f_k\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} \rightarrow 0$ as $k \rightarrow \infty$, then there exists a subsequence $\{f_{k_j}\}$ of $\{f_k\}$ such that

$$\inf_{j \in \mathbb{N}} \|W_{\varphi, u}f_{k_j}\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} > 0.$$

Since $W_{\varphi, u}$ is compact on $A_\alpha(Y_I)$, there exist a function $g \in A_\alpha(Y_I)$ and a subsequence of $\{f_{k_j}\}$

(without loss of generality, still written by $\{f_{k_j}\}$), such that

$$\lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|W_{\varphi,u} f_{k_j} - g\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} = 0.$$

Let E be a compact subspace of Y_I . For $(Z, W) \in E$, from Lemma 2.1 it follows that

$$\begin{aligned} |(W_{\varphi,u} f_{k_j} - g)(Z, W)| &\leq \\ \frac{\|W_{\varphi,u} f_{k_j} - g\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)}}{[\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - |W|^{2K}]^\alpha} \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

From (2), we see that $W_{\varphi,u} f_{k_j} - g \rightarrow 0$ uniformly on E as $j \rightarrow \infty$. From this, for arbitrary $\varepsilon > 0$, there exists a positive integer N_1 such that

$$|u(Z, \xi) f_{k_j}(\varphi(Z, W)) - g(Z, W)| < \varepsilon \quad (3)$$

for all $(Z, W) \in E$, whenever $j > N_1$. Since $f_{k_j} \rightarrow 0$ uniformly on E as $j \rightarrow \infty$, also there exists a positive integer N_2 such that $|f_{k_j}(Z, W)| < \varepsilon$ for all $(Z, W) \in E$, whenever $j > N_2$.

Let

$$N = \max\{N_1, N_2\}$$

and

$$M = \max_{(Z, W) \in E} |u(Z, W)|.$$

From (3), we have

$$\begin{aligned} |g(Z, W)| &\leq \\ |f_{k_j}(\varphi(Z, W))| \max_{(Z, W) \in K} |u(Z, W)| + \varepsilon = \\ (1 + M)\varepsilon \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

for all $(Z, W) \in E$, whenever $j > N$. From (4) and the arbitrariness of ε , we obtain $g(Z, W) = 0$ for all $(Z, W) \in E$, which leads to $g \equiv 0$ on Y_I .

This shows that

$$\lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|W_{\varphi,u} f_{k_j}\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} = 0,$$

which contradicts (1).

Now, assume that $\{f_k\}$ is a bounded sequence in $A_\alpha(Y_I)$. Then it is locally uniform bounded on Y_I , which shows that there exists a subsequence $\{f_{k_j}\}$ of $\{f_k\}$ such that $f_{k_j} \rightarrow f$ uniformly on every compact subset of Y_I as $j \rightarrow \infty$. From this we have $f_{k_j} - f \rightarrow 0$ uniformly on every compact subset of Y_I as $j \rightarrow \infty$. Consequently, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|W_{\varphi,u}(f_{k_j} - f)\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} = \\ \lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \|W_{\varphi,u} f_{k_j} - W_{\varphi,u} f\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} = 0, \end{aligned}$$

which shows that $W_{\varphi,u}$ is compact on $A_\alpha(Y_I)$.

In the studies of the several complex variables, the famous mathematician Hua found and

proved the following so-called Hua's matrix inequality in 1955:

If A, B are $n \times n$ complex matrices, and $I - \bar{A}A^T$ and $I - \bar{B}B^T$ are both Hermitian positive definite matrices, then

$$\det(I - \bar{A}A^T) \det(I - \bar{B}B^T) \leq |\det(I - \bar{A}B^T)|^2.$$

Recently, Ref. [25] gives a generalization of Hua's inequality in Y_I .

Lemma 2.3 Let $K > 0$. For any two points $(Z_1, W_1), (Z_2, W_2) \in Y_I$, it follows that

$$\begin{aligned} [\det(I - \bar{Z}_1 Z_1^T) - |W_1|^{2K}] [\det(I - \bar{Z}_2 Z_2^T) - \\ |W_2|^{2K}] \leq |\det(I - \bar{Z}_1 Z_2^T) - (W_1 \bar{W}_2^T)^K|^2. \end{aligned}$$

Applying Lemma 2.3, we obtain some useful functions in $A_\alpha(Y_I)$.

Lemma 2.4 Let $\alpha, K > 0$. For each fixed point $(A, B) \in Y_I$, the function

$$f_{(A,B)}(Z, W) = \frac{[\det(I - \bar{A}A^T) - |B|^{2K}]^\alpha}{[\det(I - \bar{Z}A^T) - (\bar{W}B^T)^K]^{2\alpha}}$$

belongs to $A_\alpha(Y_I)$, and

$$\sup_{(A,B) \in Y_I} \|f_{(A,B)}\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} \leq 1 \quad (5)$$

Proof From a direct calculation and Lemma 2.3, we have

$$\begin{aligned} [\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - |W|^{2K}]^\alpha |f_{(A,B)}(Z, W)| = \\ [\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - |W|^{2K}]^\alpha \cdot \\ \frac{[\det(I - \bar{A}A^T) - |B|^{2K}]^\alpha}{|\det(I - \bar{Z}A^T) - (\bar{W}B^T)^K|^{2\alpha}} \leq 1 \end{aligned}$$

From this, we obtain $f_{(A,B)} \in A_\alpha(Y_I)$ and (5) holds.

3 The main results

For φ a holomorphic self-map of Y_I , let $(A, B) = \varphi(Z, W)$ for $(Z, W) \in Y_I$.

Theorem 3.1 Let $\alpha > 0, K > 0$, φ the holomorphic self-map of Y_I and $u \in H(Y_I)$. Then the operator $W_{\varphi,u}$ is bounded on $A_\alpha(Y_I)$ if and only if

$$\begin{aligned} M_I := \sup_{(Z,W) \in Y_I} |u(Z, W)| \\ \frac{[\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - |W|^{2K}]^\alpha}{[\det(I - \bar{A}A^T) - |B|^{2K}]^\alpha} < +\infty. \end{aligned}$$

Proof Assume that $W_{\varphi,u}$ is bounded on $A_\alpha(Y_I)$. Then for each $f \in A_\alpha(Y_I)$, there exists a positive constant C such that

$$\|W_{\varphi,u} f\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} \leq C \|f\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} \quad (6)$$

For the fixed point $(Z_1, W_1) \in Y_I$, choose the function

$$f_{(A,B)}(Z, W) = \frac{[\det(I - \bar{A}A^T) - |B|^{2K}]^\alpha}{[\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - (\bar{W}B^T)^K]^{2\alpha}},$$

where $(A, B) = \varphi(Z_1, W_1)$. From Lemma 2.4, it follows that $f_{(A,B)} \in A_\alpha(Y_I)$, and $\|f_{(A,B)}\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} \leq 1$. By a direct computation, we have

$$[\det(I - Z_1 \bar{Z}_1^T) - |W_1|^{2K}]^\alpha |W_{\varphi,u} f_{(A,B)}(Z_1, W_1)| = \frac{[\det(I - Z_1 \bar{Z}_1^T) - |W_1|^{2K}]^\alpha}{[\det(I - \bar{A}A^T) - |B|^{2K}]^\alpha} |u(Z_1, W_1)| \leq \|W_{\varphi,u} f_{(A,B)}\| \leq C \|f_{(A,B)}\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} \leq C,$$

which shows that

$$M_I = \sup_{(Z,W) \in Y_I} \frac{[\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - |W|^{2K}]^\alpha}{[\det(I - \bar{A}A^T) - |B|^{2K}]^\alpha} |u(Z, W)| < +\infty.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sup_{(Z,W) \in Y_I} [\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - |W|^{2K}]^\alpha |W_{\varphi,u} f(Z, W)| &= \\ \sup_{(Z,W) \in Y_I} [\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - |W|^{2K}]^\alpha |u(Z, W) f(\varphi(Z, W))| &\leq \\ \sup_{(Z,W) \in Y_I} |u(Z, W)| \frac{[\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - |W|^{2K}]^\alpha}{[\det(I - \bar{A}A^T) - |B|^{2K}]^\alpha} \|f\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} &= M_I \|f\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

Hence, from (8) we see that the operator $W_{\varphi,u}$ is bounded on $A_\alpha(Y_I)$. The proof is end.

Next, we characterize the compactness of the operator $W_{\varphi,u}$ on $A_\alpha(Y_I)$.

Theorem 3.2 Let $\alpha > 0$, $K > 0$, φ the holomorphic self-map of Y_I and $u \in H(Y_I)$. Then the operator $W_{\varphi,u}$ is compact on $A_\alpha(Y_I)$ if and only if

$$\lim_{(A,B) \rightarrow \partial Y_I} |u(Z, W)| \frac{[\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - |W|^{2K}]^\alpha}{[\det(I - \bar{A}A^T) - |B|^{2K}]^\alpha} = 0 \quad (9)$$

Proof Assume that the operator $W_{\varphi,u}$ is compact on $A_\alpha(Y_I)$. Then it is clear that the operator $W_{\varphi,u}$ is bounded on $A_\alpha(Y_I)$. Consider a sequence $\{(A_i, B_i)\} = \{\varphi(Z_i, W_i)\}$ in Y_I such that $(A_i, B_i) \rightarrow \partial Y_I$ as $i \rightarrow \infty$. If such a sequence does not exist, then (9) obviously holds. Using this sequence, we define the function sequence

$$f_i(Z, W) = f_{(A_i, B_i)}(Z, W),$$

where $f_{(A_i, B_i)}$ is the function $f_{(A,B)}$ replaced (A, B) by (A_i, B_i) in the proof of Theorem 3.1.

$$|f_{(A,B)}(\varphi(Z_1, W_1))| = \frac{[\det(I - Z_1 \bar{Z}_1^T) - |W_1|^{2K}]^\alpha}{[\det(I - \bar{A}A^T) - |B|^{2K}]^\alpha} \quad (7)$$

Then, applying the boundedness of $W_{\varphi,u}$ to $f_{(A,B)}$ along with (6) and (7), we have

Conversely, by Lemma 2.1, for all $f \in A_\alpha(Y_I)$ we have

By Lemma 2.4, we see that the sequence $\{f_i\}$ is uniformly bounded in $A_\alpha(Y_I)$, and $f_i \rightarrow 0$ uniformly on any compact subset of Y_I as $i \rightarrow \infty$. So by Lemma 2.2 one has $\lim_{i \rightarrow \infty} \|W_{\varphi,u} f_i\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} = 0$.

From this and a direct calculation, we have

$$\lim_{i \rightarrow \infty} |u(Z_i, W_i)| \frac{[\det(I - Z_i \bar{Z}_i^T) - |W_i|^{2K}]^\alpha}{[\det(I - \bar{A}_i \bar{A}_i^T) - |B_i|^{2K}]^\alpha} = 0.$$

Conversely, in order to prove that the operator $W_{\varphi,u}$ is compact on $A_\alpha(Y_I)$, by Lemma 2.2 we only need to prove that, if $\{f_i\}$ is a sequence in $A_\alpha(Y_I)$ such that $\sup_{i \in \mathbb{N}} \|f_i\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} \leq M$ and $f_i \rightarrow 0$ uniformly on any compact subset of Y_I as $i \rightarrow \infty$, then $\lim_{i \rightarrow \infty} \|W_{\varphi,u} f_i\|_{A_\alpha(Y_I)} = 0$. We first observe that (9) implies that for every $\varepsilon > 0$, there exists an $\sigma > 0$, such that for any

$$(Z, W) \in E = \{(Z, W) \in Y_I; \text{dist}(\varphi(Z, W), \partial Y_I) < \sigma\},$$

$$|u(Z, W)| \frac{[\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - |W|^{2K}]^\alpha}{[\det(I - \bar{A}A^T) - |B|^{2K}]^\alpha} < \varepsilon \quad (10)$$

For such ε and σ , by using (10) and Lemma 2.1,

we have

$$\begin{aligned} \|W_{\varphi,u}f_i\|_{A_a(Y_I)} &= \sup_{(Z,W) \in Y_I} [\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - |W|^{2K}]^a |W_{\varphi,u}f_i(Z,W)| = \\ &= \sup_{(Z,W) \in Y_I} [\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - |W|^{2K}]^a |u(Z,W)f_i(\varphi(Z,W))| \leq \\ &= \left(\sup_{(Z,W) \in E} + \sup_{(Z,W) \in Y_I \setminus E} \right) [\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - |W|^2]^a |u(Z,W)f_i(\varphi(Z,W))| \leq \\ &= M_{\mathfrak{E}} + \sup_{(Z,W) \in Y_I \setminus E} [\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - |W|^{2K}]^a |u(Z,W)f_i(\varphi(Z,W))| \leq \\ &= M_{\mathfrak{E}} + \sup_{(Z,W) \in Y_I \setminus E} [\det(I - \bar{Z}Z^T) - |W|^{2K}]^a |u(Z,W)|_{(Z,W) \in Y_I \setminus E} |f_i(\varphi(Z,W))|. \end{aligned}$$

Since $\{(Z,W) \in Y_I \setminus E\}$ is a compact subset of Y_I , $f_i \rightarrow 0$ uniformly on this set as $i \rightarrow \infty$. From this and (11) we get

$$\lim_{i \rightarrow \infty} \|W_{\varphi,u}f_i\|_{A_a(Y_I)} = 0,$$

which shows that the operator $W_{\varphi,u}$ is compact on $A_a(Y_I)$.

4 Conclusions

We study the weighted composition operators on Bers-type space of the first kind Cartan-Hartogs domain and characterize the boundedness and compactness by using the generalized Hua's matrix inequality.

References:

- [1] Allen R F, Colonna F. Weighted composition operators on the Bloch space of a bounded homogeneous domain [J]. Oper Theor Adv Appl, 2000, 47: 11.
- [2] Allen R F, Colonna F. Weighted composition operators from H^∞ to the Bloch space of a bounded homogeneous domain [J]. Integral Equ Oper Theor, 2010, 66: 21.
- [3] Colonna F, Li S. Weighted composition operators from the minimal Möbius invariant space into the Bloch space [J]. Mediter J Math, 2013, 10: 395.
- [4] Cowen C C, MacCluer B D. Composition operators on spaces of analytic functions [M]. Boca Roton: CRC Press, 1995.
- [5] Esmaeili K, Lindstrom M. Weighted composition operators between Zygmund type spaces and their essential norms [J]. Integral Equ Oper Theor, 2013, 75: 473.
- [6] He W X, Li Y Z. Bers-type spaces and composition operators [J]. Acta Northeast Math J, 2002, 18: 223.

- [7] He W X, Jiang Z J. Composition operators on Bers-type spaces [J]. Acta Math Sient, 2002, 22B: 404.
- [8] Jiang Z J. Weighted composition operators from weighted Bergman spaces to some spaces of analytic functions on the upper half plane [J]. Util Math, 2014, 93: 205.
- [9] Jiang Z J. On a product-type operator from weighted Bergman-Orlicz space to some weighted type spaces [J]. Appl Math Comput, 2015, 256: 37.
- [10] Kucik A S. Weighted composition operators on spaces of analytic functions on the complex half-plane [J]. Complex Anal Oper Theor, 2018, 12: 1817.
- [11] Luo L, Ueki S. Weighted composition operators between weighted Bergman and Hardy spaces on the unit ball of \mathbb{C}^n [J]. J Math Anal Appl, 2007, 326: 88.
- [12] Li S, Stevič S. Weighted composition operators from Bergman-type spaces into Bloch spaces [J]. Proc Indian Acad Sci Math Sci, 2007, 117: 371.
- [13] Li S, Stevič S. Weighted composition operators from H^∞ to the Bloch space on the poly-disc [J]. Abstr Appl Anal, 2007, 2007: 48478.
- [14] Li S, Stevič S. Weighted composition operators from Zygmund spaces into Bloch spaces [J]. Appl Math Comput, 2008, 206: 825.
- [15] Ohno S. Weighted composition operators between H^∞ and the Bloch space [J]. Taiwan J Math, 2001, 5: 555.
- [16] Sharma A K, Abbas Z. Weighted composition operators between weighted Bergman-Nevanlinna and Bloch-type spaces [J]. Appl Math Sci, 2010, 41: 2039.
- [17] Stevič S. Essential norms of weighted composition operators from the α -Bloch space to a weighted-type space on the unit ball [J]. Abstr Appl Anal, 2008, 2008: 279691.

[18] Stevič S. Norm of weighted composition operators from Bloch space to H^∞ on the unit ball [J]. Ars Combin, 2008, 88: 125.

[19] Stevič S. Norm of weighted composition operators from α -Bloch spaces to weighted-type spaces [J]. Appl Math Comput, 2009, 215: 818.

[20] Stevič S. Weighted composition operators from Bergman-Privalov-type spaces to weighted-type spaces on the unit ball [J]. Appl Math Comput, 2010, 217: 1939.

[21] Stevič S, Sharma A K. Weighted composition operators between growth spaces of the upper half-plane [J]. Util Math, 2011, 84: 265.

[22] Stevič S, Sharma A K. Weighted composition operators between Hardy and growth spaces of the upper half-plane [J]. Appl Math Comput, 2011, 217: 4928.

[23] Stevič S, Jiang Z J. Differences of weighted composition operators on the unit poly-disk [J]. Mat Sb, 2011, 52: 358.

[24] Stevič S, Chen R, Zhou Z. Weighted composition operators between Bloch type spaces in the poly disc [J]. Mat Sb, 2010, 201: 289.

[25] Su J B, Miao X, Li H J. Generalization of Hua's inequalities and application [J]. J Math Ineq, 2015, 9: 27.

[26] Yin W P. The Bergman kernels on super-Cartan domain of the first type [J]. Sci China Ser A, 2000, 43: 13.

[27] Zhu K. Spaces of holomorphic functions in the unit ball [M]. New York: Springer, 2005.

引用本文格式:

中 文: 柏宏斌. 第一类 Cartan-Hartogs 域上的 Bers 型空间上的加权复合算子[J]. 四川大学学报: 自然科学版, 2022, 59: 041005.

英 文: Bai H B. Weighted composition operators on Bers-type spaces of the first kind Cartan-Hartogs domains [J]. J Sichuan Univ: Nat Sci Ed, 2022, 59: 041005.